Response Dated November 30, 2007

Reply to Office Action of September 18, 2007

Remarks/Arguments:

Claims 1, 3-13 and 16-41 are pending in the above-identified application. Claims 2 and 14-15 are cancelled.

Claims 1, 3-4, 10-13, 20-21, 26-27, 29, 38 and 40 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 (a) as being unpatentable over Allen et al. and Mitchell. Allen et al. and Mitchell do not, however, disclose the features of claim 1, namely,

... a receiver configured to receive a broadcast signal and MPEG data separated from the broadcast signal ...

...the operation data is a request for more information, including the MPEG data separated from the broadcast signal... (Emphasis added).

The Examiner admits that Allen does not disclose these features. (Office Action, page 3, lines 21-24). Mitchell discloses that trigger information (triggers) is inserted in the vertical blanking interval (VBI) of the program signal. These triggers include "...URL addresses, Internet protocol (IP) addresses file transfer protocol (FTP) locations, local or remote cache locations or other address information of the Internet 108 (or other address locations) where supplemental content associated with the television program can be obtained..." (Para. [0023]). Mitchell also discloses that the converter 206 can extract the trigger information, including URL addresses from the VBI of the received television signals. (Para. [0028]). That is, the information separated from the television signal is content received from the internet 108, and not, MPEG data. (Para. [0022]). Thus, Mitchell does not disclose Applicants' claimed feature of "...a separator configured to separate MPEG data from the broadcast signal..."

In contrast, Applicants' exemplary embodiment includes "...a separator configured to separate the MPEG data from the broadcast signal." (Page 6, lines 4-5 and Fig. 1). Thus, the "...more information..." requested to be displayed on the remote controller 10 includes "...MPEG data from the broadcast signal..." and not from other sources, such as the Internet. Thus, claim 1 is allowable over the art of record. Claims 3-4, 10-13, 20-21, 26-27, 29 depend from claim 1. Accordingly, claims 3-4, 10-13, 20-21, 26-27, 29 are allowable over the art of record.

Response Dated November 30, 2007

Reply to Office Action of September 18, 2007

Claim 38, while not identical to claim 1, includes features similar to those set forth above with regard to claim 1. Thus, claim 38 is also allowable over the art of record for reasons similar to those set forth above with regard to claim 1.

Claim 40 includes features in addition to claim 38 which are patentable over the prior art, namely "...the display is configured to simultaneously display motion picture data, still image data and text data." The Examiner argues that paragraph [0042] of Mitchell discloses these features. Mitchell discloses "...information for television programs, such as pictures of actors and actresses, video previews, and audio/video interviews with people associated with the program." (Para. [0042]). Mitchell does not, however, disclose that any of the information is **displayed simultaneously**. Thus, Mitchell does not disclose that the "...display is configured **to simultaneously display** motion picture data, still image data and text data," as recited in claim 40. Allen also does not disclose these features. Accordingly, claim 40 is also allowable over the art of record.

Claims 16-20, 22, 25 and 28 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 (a) as being unpatentable over Allen et al., Mitchell and Lilleness et al. These claims are allowable, however, because they depend from an allowable claim.

Claims 30-34, 36-37 and 39 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 (a) as being unpatentable over Allen et al. and Terada et al. Allen et al. and Terada do not, however, disclose the features of claim 30, namely,

... a receiver configured to receive a signal from the camera, the signal containing information on an operating condition of the camera...(Emphasis added).

The remote controller of Applicants' exemplary embodiment is configured to control a digital camera. The remote controller is configured to receive a signal from the camera containing information **on the operating condition of the camera** such as, for example, a zoom condition, a camera angle condition and a focusing condition. (Page 19, lines 9-11 and 12-14 and page 20, lines 4-6). Thus the user can use the display to check the camera for the current settings based on the information received at the remote controller. (Page 19, lines 1-3).

Response Dated November 30, 2007

Reply to Office Action of September 18, 2007

The Examiner admits that Allen does not disclose these features. (Office Action, page 12, last two lines). Terada discloses that function in formation is sent from the image capturing apparatus transmits function information to the operation apparatus. (Col. 8, lines 42-44 and Fig. 4). Terada further discloses that the function information "...is information on the functions of the image capturing apparatus 2, and includes function information on the image processing that can be performed by the image processor 251 (image processing function information) and function information on the shooting processing that can be handled by the image capturing unit 21 (shooting function information). (Col. 8, lines 44-52). That is, Terada discloses functions that can be performed, and not, the "...operating condition of the camera," as recited in claim 30. Thus, claim 30 is allowable over the art of record. Claims 31-34, 36-37 depend from claim 1. Accordingly, claims 31-34, 36-37 are allowable over the art of record.

Claim 39, while not identical to claim 30, includes features similar to those set forth above with regard to claim 30. Thus, claim 39 is also allowable over the art of record for reasons similar to those set forth above with regard to claim 30.

Claim 35 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 (a) as being unpatentable over Allen et al., Terada et al. and Mitchell. This claim is allowable, however, because it depends from an allowable claim.

Claim 41 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 (a) as being unpatentable over Allen et al., Mitchell and Knowles et al. This claim is allowable, however, because it depends from an allowable claim.

Response Dated November 30, 2007

Reply to Office Action of September 18, 2007

MAT-8505US

In view of the foregoing amendments and remarks, this Application is in condition for allowance which action is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

RatperPrestia

Lawrence E. Ashery, Reg. No. 34,515

Attorney for Applicants

LEA/DFD/dmw

Dated: November 30, 2007

P.O. Box 980 Valley Forge, PA 19482 (610) 407-0700

NM222719